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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/790,171	03/01/2004	Hans Boeni	DT-6766	1015	
7590 03/23/2005			EXAMINER		
SIDLEY AUSTIN BROWN & WOOD LLP			LOPEZ, MICHELLE		
	787 Seventh Avenue New York, NY 10019		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3721		
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DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			51)			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/790,171	BOENI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Michelle Lopez	3721				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repl reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (; od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH tute, cause the application to become ABAN	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely IS from the mailing date of this co NDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01	March 2004.					
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☒ T	a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached (Office Action or form P1	ГО-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 		19(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in App	olication No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bur	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attack						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/	Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/3/04.	(08) 5) ☐ Notice of Info 6) ☐ Other:	ormal Patent Application (PT0	O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35
 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been received.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3, and 5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yeghiazarians (5,914,882).

Yeghiazarians discloses a control process for an at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool wherein an electromagnetic clutch 5 arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 7 and a tool receptacle is controllably connected to computing means 3 connected to at least one sensor 1, wherein the clutch 5 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means 3.

With respect to claim 2, Yeghiazarians discloses wherein the clutch 5 is alternately opened and closed at a frequency of 100Hz in the process as shown by Yeghiazarians' prior art col. 2; 56-62.

With respect to claim 3, Yeghiazarians discloses wherein the process step is initiated in the event of an impending tool blockage detected by the computing means via the sensor as shown in the Abstract, with respect to a rotation of a housing as shown in col. 5; 61-64.

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With respect to claim 5, Yeghiazarians discloses an electric hand-held machine tool with an at least partially axially hammering and rotating driving means of a tool receptacle wherein an electromagnetic clutch 5 that is controllably connected to computing means 3 connected to at least one sensor 1 is arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 7 and a tool receptacle, wherein the electromagnetic clutch is controllable by computing means using a control process wherein the clutch is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means.

Claims 1,3, and 5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Meixner et al. 3. (6,415,875).

Meixner et al. discloses a control process for an at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool wherein an electromagnetic clutch 30,31 arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 11 and a tool receptacle 26 is controllably connected to computing means 48 connected to at least one sensor 46, wherein the clutch 30 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means 48.

With respect to claim 3, Meixner et al. discloses wherein the process step is initiated in the event of an impending tool blockage detected by the computing means via the sensor as shown in col. 2;48-52, with respect to a rotation of a housing as shown in col. 1; 8-10.

With respect to claim 5, Meixner et al. discloses an electric hand-held machine tool with an at least partially axially hammering and rotating driving means of a tool receptacle wherein an electromagnetic clutch 30,31 that is controllably connected to computing means 48 connected to at least one sensor 46 is arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 11 and a tool receptacle 26, wherein the electromagnetic clutch is controllable by computing means 48 using a

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control process wherein the clutch 30 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means.

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

4. Claims 1,3, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Koslowski (6,863,165).

Koslowski discloses a control process for an at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool wherein an electromagnetic clutch 5 arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 1 and a tool receptacle 3 is controllably connected to computing means 6 connected to at least one sensor 8, wherein the clutch 5 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means 6.

With respect to claim 3, Koslowski discloses wherein the process step is initiated in the event of an impending tool blockage detected as an overload of the drive train by the computing means 6 via the sensor 8, with respect to slippage of the clutch as shown in the Abstract.

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With respect to claim 5, Koslowski discloses an electric hand-held machine tool with an at least partially axially hammering and rotating driving means of a tool receptacle wherein an electromagnetic clutch 5 that is controllably connected to computing means 6 connected to at least one sensor 8 is arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor 1 and a tool receptacle 3, wherein the electromagnetic clutch 5 is controllable by computing means 6 using a control process wherein the clutch 5 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means 6.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeghiazarians (5,914,882) in view of Peisert et al. (5,868,208).

Yeghiazarians discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose a process step initiated manually by a switch that is connected to the computing means and that can be actuated manually.

However, Peisert teaches a step initiated manually by a switch 92 connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually for the purpose of reversing the rotation direction of a clutch 76 shutting off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached. In view of Peisert, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have provide a process step initiated manually by a switch 92

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connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually in order to reverse the rotation direction of a clutch 76 to shut off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached.

6. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meixner et al. (6,415,875).

Meixner et al. discloses the invention substantially as claimed except that the clutch is alternately opened and closed at a frequency between 20Hz and 100Hz in the process step.

However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to alternately opening and closing the clutch at a frequency between 20Hz and 100Hz in the process step, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art.

7. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meixner et al. (6,415,875) in view of Peisert et al. (5,868,208).

Meixner discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose a process step initiated manually by a switch that is connected to the computing means and that can be actuated manually.

However, Peisert teaches a step initiated manually by a switch 92 connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually for the purpose of reversing the rotation direction of a clutch 76 shutting off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached. In view of Peisert, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have provide a process step initiated manually by a switch 92

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connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually in order to reverse the rotation direction of a clutch 76 to shut off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached.

8. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koslowski (6,863,165).

Koslowski discloses the invention substantially as claimed except that the clutch is alternately opened and closed at a frequency between 20Hz and 100Hz in the process step.

However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to alternately opening and closing the clutch at a frequency between 20Hz and 100Hz in the process step, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art.

9. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koslowski (6,863,165) in view of Peisert et al. (5,868,208).

Koslowski discloses the invention substantially as claimed, but does not disclose a process step initiated manually by a switch that is connected to the computing means and that can be actuated manually.

However, Peisert teaches a step initiated manually by a switch 92 connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually for the purpose of reversing the rotation direction of a clutch 76 shutting off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached. In view of Peisert, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have provide a process step initiated manually by a switch 92

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connected to a computing means via a shut off device 96 and that can be actuated manually in order to reverse the rotation direction of a clutch 76 to shut off the drive mechanism when a presettable torque is reached.

Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hettich'124, Thome'707, Noser'918, Schaer'515, Bongers-Ambrosius'814, and Meixner'327 are cited to show related inventions.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle Lopez whose telephone number is 571-272-4464. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Thursday: 8:00 am 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rinaldi Rada can be reached on 571-272-4467. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ML

Rineldi I. Rada Supervisory Patent Examiner Group 3700